

<p style="text-align: center;">Community Supervision Standards</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Juvenile Justice Authority State of Kansas</p>	<p>CHAPTER:</p> <p>SUPERVISION</p>	<p>STANDARD NO.</p> <p>CSS-02-110</p>
	<p>SUBJECT:</p> <p>REVOCATION PROCESS AND SUPERVISORY APPROVAL</p>	<p>PAGE: 1 of 1</p>
<p>REFERENCES: K.S.A. 38-2330, K.S.A. 38-2331, K.S.A. 38-2367, K.S.A. 38-2368, K.S.A. 38-2375, K.S.A. 38-2364</p>		<p>DATE ADOPTED: 3/14/07</p> <p>DATE REVIEWED: 1/18/07</p>

STANDARD: Written policy, procedure and practice shall define the revocation process in accordance with statute, court orders and/or other legal authority and require supervisory approval prior to initiating revocation. All juveniles in the process of revocation shall continue to be supervised.

The Community Supervision Officer shall not change the placement status of a juvenile undergoing revocation, until a hearing and the sentencing court authorizes a placement change.

The Community Supervision Officer of juveniles under conditional release supervision shall notify the appropriate Juvenile Correctional Facility of their revocation status to ensure that the conditional release plan remains active.

Juveniles removed from residence/placement due to violations may be temporarily detained in a Juvenile Detention Center pending a court hearing pursuant to K.S.A. 38-2330, K.S.A. 38-2331, K.S.A. 38-2367, K.S.A. 38-2368, K.S.A. 38-2375, and K.S.A. 38-2364

DISCUSSION: Supervisory approval helps to ensure internal consistency in the management of violators. Staffing can promote the use of innovative methods to respond to violations.

If a juvenile has completed an out of home placement as part of their conditional release plan/aftercare, the conditional release contract should state in writing that upon successful completion of the out of home placement, the juvenile will be returned home to complete the remaining terms of his/her aftercare. If this living arrangement is not part of the written conditional release contract, before returning the juvenile to reside with his/her family, the sentencing court should be informed in writing.

NOTE: The standards and procedures set forth herein are intended to establish operational guidelines for community supervision agencies and their employees/contractors and juveniles under supervision. They are not intended to establish state created liberty interests for community supervision agencies or their employees/contractors, or supervised juveniles, or an independent duty owed by the Juvenile Justice Authority to community supervision agencies, or their employees/contractors, supervised juveniles or third parties. This standard and procedure is not intended to establish or create new constitutional rights or to enlarge or expand upon existing constitutional rights or duties.